RICOH

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

400mA Synchronous Step-down DC/DC Module with MODE pin and Inductor

No.EA-592-210906

OVERVIEW

The RM590L is a synchronous, step-down DC/DC converter which delivers up to 400mA of output current. The RM590L can be configured for either PWM/VFM automatic shift operation or forced PWM operation by controlling of MODE pin.

It has a built-in inductor and is available in 2.2 (mm) x 2.0 (mm) x 1.5 (mm) sized QFN2220-8 package for high density mounting. Therefore, it is possible to save space in the mounting area.

KEY BENEFITS

- Having an inductor built-in, it is possible to simplify the board design and reduce the mounting area.
- PWM/VFM automatic shift operation provides high efficiency at light loads.
- Having an inductor built-in, the number of parts can be reduced, and the man-hours for managing purchased parts can be reduced (concern about EOL).

KEY SPECIFICATIONS

- Input Voltage Range (Maximum Rating): 2.3 V to 5.5 V (6.5 V)
- Output Voltage (Fixed Output Voltages): from 0.6V to 3.3V in 0.1V increments ±1.5% (V_{SET} ≥ 1.2 V), ±18 mV (V_{SET} < 1.2 V) Output Voltage Accuracy
- Output Voltage (Adjustable Output Voltages):
 0.6 V to 5.5 V
 - 0.6V Reference (VFB), ±9 mV Voltage Accuracy
- Selectable Oscillator Frequency: Typ. 6.0 MHz
- Oscillator Maximum Duty: Min. 100%
- MOSFET ON Resistance (V_{IN} = 3.6 V): High Side MOSFET Typ. 0.245 Ω Low Side MOSFET Typ. 0.225 Ω
- UVLO Detector Threshold: Typ. 2.0 V
- Soft-start Time: Typ. 0.15 ms
- Thermal Shutdown Function:
- Detection Temperature 140°C Release Temperature 100°C

PACKAGE



QFN2220-8 2.2 x 2.0 x 1.5 (mm)

Vout=1.8V 100 90 VFM / PWM Aut 80 70 60 Efficiency n [%] d PWM : 3.6V 50 2.7\ 3.6\ 4.2\ 40 30 20 10 100 1000 - ímA Output Current I TYPICAL Vout VOUT Cour MODE Control RM590L **K**CE GND 🛛 CE Control Fixed Output Voltage Type (RM590Lxx2A/B) CIN MODE VFB D Сол MODE Control RM590L R2 **M**CE GND D CE Control

Efficiency

Adjustable Output Voltage Type (RM590L002C/D)

APPLICATIONS

- Devices need to be miniaturized such as wearables, hearables
- Phones, domestic LAN systems
- Communication modules, and applications for Industrial equipment
- Instrumentation equipment such as flow meters and pressure gauges

SELECTION GUIDE

The set output voltage, the output voltage type, and the auto-discharge function are user-selectable options.

Selection Guide

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
RM590Lxx2\$-TR	QFN2220-8	2,000	Yes	Yes

xx : Set Output Voltage (V_{SET})

Fixed Output Voltage Type : 06 to 33 (0.6 V to 3.3 V, 0.1 V steps)

The voltage in 0.05 V step is shown as follows.

Ex. 1.25 V: RM590L122\$5

Refer to Product-specific Electrical Characteristics for details.

Adjustable Output Voltage Type: 00

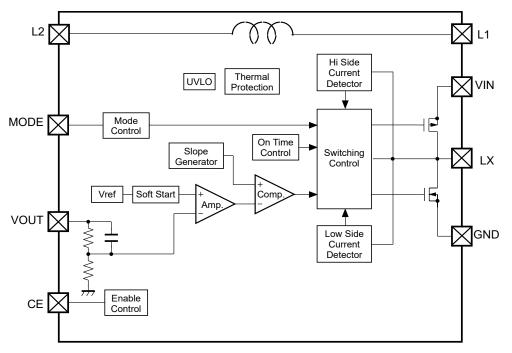
\$: Versions

\$	Output Voltage Type	Auto-discharge Function	V _{SET}
A	Fixed	No	
В	Fixed	Yes	0.6 V to 3.3 V
С	Adiustable	No	
D	Adjustable	Yes	0.6 V to 5.5 V

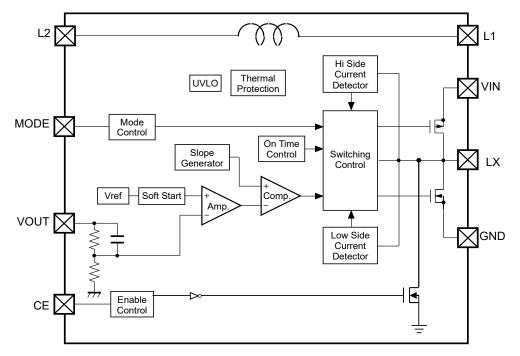
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BLOCK DIAGRAMS

RM590Lxx2A/B (Fixed Output Voltage Type)



RM590Lxx2A Block Diagram

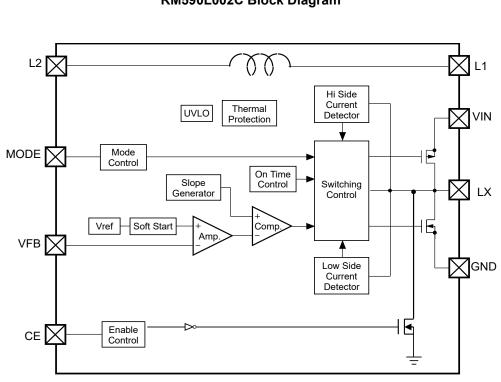


RM590Lxx2B Block Diagram

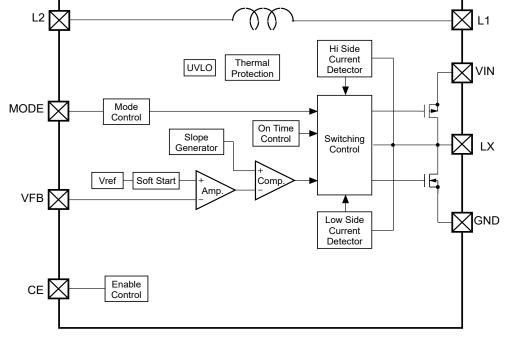
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RM590L002D Block Diagram



RM590L002C Block Diagram



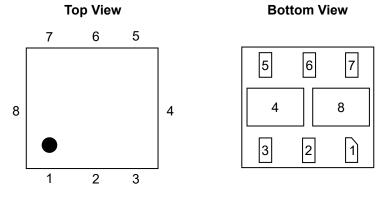
RM590L002C/D (Adjustable Output Voltage Type)

RM590L

No.EA-592-210906

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PIN DESCRIPTIONS



RM590L(QFN2220-8) Pin Configuration

RM590L (QFN2220-8) Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description
1	VOUT/VFB	I	Output/Feedback Pin Fixed Output Voltage Type: Connect to V _{OUT} pin and L2 pin. Adjustable Output Voltage Type: Receives the feedback voltage from a Resistive divider connected across the output. Refer to " <i>Adjustable</i> <i>Output Voltage Setting</i> "
2	LX	0	Switch Node Connection to the Inductor. This pin connects to the drains of the internal Main and synchronous power MOSFET switches.
3	MODE	I	Mode Select Input. To select forced PWM, connect this pin to a voltage above designated "High". Connecting this pin to a voltage between 0 V and designated "Low" selects PWM/VFM automatic shift operation mode.
4	L1	I	Inductor Pin 1 (Input pin of inductor built-in.) Connect this pin to Lx pin.
5	VIN	Ι	Power Input Supply. Decouple this pin to GND with a capacitor.
6	CE	I	Forcing this pin below designated "Low" level shuts down the RM590L. In shutdown all functions are disabled except auto discharge function. (option)
7	GND	I	Ground Pin
8	L2	0	Inductor Pin 2 (This pin connects to built-in inductor) Connect a capacitor between this pin and GND.

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Item	Ratings	Unit
VIN	Input Voltage	-0.3 to 6.5	V
VLX	LX / L1 / L2 Pin Voltage	-0.3 to V _{IN} +0.3	V
Vce	CE Pin Voltage	-0.3 to 6.5	V
VMODE	MODE Pin Voltage	-0.3 to 6.5	V
Vout/Vfb	VOUT / VFB Pin Voltage	-0.3 to 6.5	V
ILX	LX / L1 / L2 Pin Input / Output Current 1.6		А
PD	Power Dissipation	Refer to Appendix "POWER D	ISSIPATION"
Tj	Junction Temperature Range	-40 to 125	°C
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 125	°C

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage and may degrade the lifetime and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings are not assured.

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) RATINGS

Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
V _{HBM}	HBM C = 100pF, R = 1.5kΩ	-750 / +2000	V
Vcdm	CDM	± 1000	V

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE RATINGS

The electrostatic discharge test is done based on JESD47.

In the HBM method, ESD is applied using the power supply pin and GND pin as reference pins.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Item	Ratings	Unit
V _{IN}	Input Voltage	2.3 to 5.5	V
Та	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 85	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if they are used over such ratings by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The specifications surrounded by \square are guaranteed by design engineering at -40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 85°C.

RM590Lx	x2A/B Electrical Characteristics				(Ta =	25°C)
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vout	Output Voltage	$(V_{SET} \le 2.6 V),$ $V_{IN} = V_{CE} = V_{SET} + 1 V$	x 0.985		x 1.015	V
		(V _{SET} > 2.6 V) V _{SET} < 1.2 V	-0.018		+0.018	
fosc	Oscillator Frequency	V _{IN} = V _{CE} = 3.6 V, V _{SET} = 1.8 V, "Closed Loop Control"	4.8	6.0	7.2	MHz
IDD	Supply Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CE} = V_{OUT} = 3.6 \text{ V}, V_{MODE} = 0 \text{ V}$		15		μA
ISTANDBY	Standby Current	$V_{IN} = 5.5 V, V_{CE} = 0 V$		0	5	μA
Ісен	CE "High" Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 5.5 V$	-1	0	1	μA
ICEL	CE "Low" Input Current	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{CE} = 0 V	-1	0	1	μA
IMODEH	MODE "High" Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{MODE} = 5.5 V$, $V_{CE} = 0 V$	-1	0	1	μA
MODEL	MODE "Low" Input Current	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{CE} = V _{MODE} = 0 V	-1	0	1	μA
Ivouth	Vout "High" Input Current	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} = 5.5 V, V _{CE} = 0 V	-1	0	1	μA
IVOUTL	Vout "Low" Input Current	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{CE} = V _{OUT} = 0 V	-1	0	1	μA
Rdistr	Auto-discharge MOSFET On-resistance ⁽¹⁾	V _{IN} = 3.6 V, V _{CE} = 0 V		40		Ω
ILXLEAKH	LX "High" Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = V_{LX} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-1	0	5	μA
ILXLEAKL	LX "Low" Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 5.5 V, V_{CE} = V_{LX} = 0 V$	-5	0	1	μA
VCEH	CE "High" Input Voltage	V _{IN} = 5.5 V	1.0			V
VCEL	CE "Low" Input Voltage	V _{IN} = 2.3 V			0.4	V
VMODEH	MODE "High" Input Voltage	V _{IN} = V _{CE} = 5.5 V	1.0			V
V _{MODEL}	MODE "Low" Input Voltage				0.4	V
Ronp	On-resistance of High Side MOSFET	$V_{IN} = 3.6 V, I_{LX} = -100 mA$		0.245		Ω
Ronn	On-resistance of Low Side MOSFET	$V_{IN} = 3.6 V$, $I_{LX} = -100 mA$		0.225		Ω
Maxduty	Maximum Duty Cycle		100			%
t START	Soft-start Time			150	300	μs
I _{LXLIM}	LX Current Limit		600	1000		mA
VUVLO1	LIV/LO Throobold Visiters	$V_{IN} = V_{CE}$, Falling	1.85	2.00	2.20	V
V _{UVLO2}	UVLO Threshold Voltage	V _{IN} = V _{CE} , Rising	1.90	2.05	2.25	V

2A/B Electrical Ch actoricti

All test items listed under Electrical Characteristics are done under the pulse load condition (Tj \approx Ta = 25°C). Test circuit is operated with "Open Loop Control" (GND = 0 V), unless otherwise specified.

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The specifications surrounded by \square are guaranteed by design engineering at -40°C \leq Ta \leq 85°C.

RM590L002C/D	Electrical	Characteristics
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(Ta	=	25°	C)
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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{FB}	Feedback Voltage	V _{IN} = V _{CE} = 3.6 V	0.591	0.600	0.609	V
fosc	Oscillator Frequency	V _{IN} = V _{CE} = 3.6 V, V _{SET} = 1.8 V, "Closed Loop Control"	4.8	6.0	7.2	MHz
IDD	Supply Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CE} = V_{OUT} = 3.6 V$, $V_{MODE} = 0 V$		15		μA
ISTANDBY	Standby Current	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{CE} = 0 V		0	5	μA
ICEH	CE "High" Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 5.5 V$	-1	0	1	μA
ICEL	CE "Low" Input Current	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{CE} = 0 V	-1	0	1	μA
IMODEH	MODE "High" Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{MODE} = 5.5 V, V_{CE} = 0 V$	-1	0	1	μA
IMODEL	MODE "Low" Input Current	VIN = 5.5 V, VCE = VMODE = 0 V	-1	0	1	μA
Ivouth	V _{OUT} "High" Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} = 5.5 V, V_{CE} = 0 V$	-1	0	1	μA
Ivoutl	Vout "Low" Input Current	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{CE} = V _{OUT} = 0 V	-1	0	1	μA
Rdistr	Auto-discharge MOSFET On-resistance ⁽¹⁾	V _{IN} = 3.6 V, V _{CE} = 0 V		40		Ω
ILXLEAKH	LX "High" Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = V_{LX} = 5.5 V, V_{CE} = 0 V$	-1	0	5	μA
ILXLEAKL	LX "Low" Leakage Current	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{CE} = V _{LX} = 0 V	-5	0	1	μA
VCEH	CE "High" Input Voltage	V _{IN} = 5.5 V	1.0			V
VCEL	CE "Low" Input Voltage	V _{IN} = 2.3 V			0.4	V
V _{MODEH}	MODE "High" Input Voltage	V _{IN} = V _{CE} = 5.5 V	1.0			V
VMODEL	MODE "Low" Input Voltage	$V_{SET} \le 2.3 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ $V_{SET} > 2.3 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = V_{SET}$			0.4	V
Ronp	On-resistance of High Side MOSFET	$V_{IN} = 3.6 V, I_{LX} = -100 mA$		0.245		Ω
Ronn	On-resistance of Low Side MOSFET	V _{IN} = 3.6 V, I _{LX} = -100 mA		0.225		Ω
Maxduty	Maximum Duty Cycle		100			%
t start	Soft-start Time			150	300	μs
ILXLIM	LX Current Limit		600	1000		mA
V_{UVLO1}	UVLO Threshold Voltage	V _{IN} = V _{CE} , Falling	1.85	2.00	2.20	V
VUVLO2		V _{IN} = V _{CE} , Rising	1.90	2.05	2.25	V

All test items listed under Electrical Characteristics are done under the pulse load condition (Tj \approx Ta = 25°C). Test circuit is operated with "Open Loop Control" (GND = 0 V), unless otherwise specified.

(1) RM590L002D only

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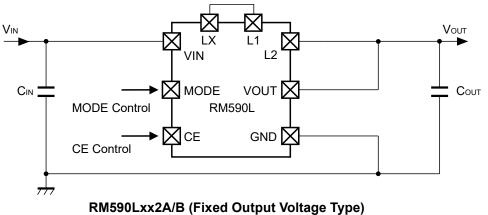
The specifications surrounded by \square are guaranteed by Design Engineering at $-40^{\circ}C \le Ta \le 85^{\circ}C$

RM590L series (Fixed Output Voltage Type) Product-specific Electrical Characteristics

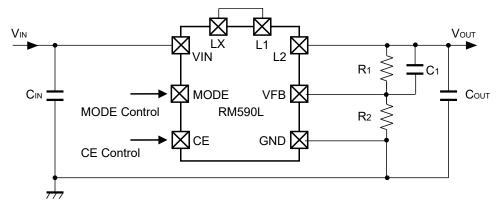
Product Name		V OUT [V]	
Product Name	Min.	V _{SET}	Max.
RM590L062x	0.582	0.600	0.618
RM590L072x	0.682	0.700	0.718
RM590L082x	0.782	0.800	0.818
RM590L092x	0.882	0.900	0.918
RM590L102x	0.982	1.000	1.018
RM590L102x5	1.032	1.050	1.068
RM590L112x	1.082	1.100	1.118
RM590L112x5	1.132	1.150	1.168
RM590L122x	1.182	1.200	1.218
RM590L132x	1.281	1.300	1.319
RM590L142x	1.379	1.400	1.421
RM590L152x	1.478	1.500	1.522
RM590L162x	1.576	1.600	1.624
RM590L172x	1.675	1.700	1.725
RM590L182x	1.773	1.800	1.827
RM590L192x	1.872	1.900	1.928
RM590L202x	1.970	2.000	2.030
RM590L212x	2.069	2.100	2.131
RM590L222x	2.167	2.200	2.233
RM590L232x	2.266	2.300	2.334
RM590L242x	2.364	2.400	2.436
RM590L252x	2.463	2.500	2.537
RM590L262x	2.561	2.600	2.639
RM590L272x	2.660	2.700	2.740
RM590L282x	2.758	2.800	2.842
RM590L292x	2.857	2.900	2.943
RM590L302x	2.955	3.000	3.045
RM590L312x	3.054	3.100	3.146
RM590L322x	3.152	3.200	3.248
RM590L332x	3.251	3.300	3.349

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TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT







RM590L002C/D (Adjustable Output Voltage Type)

Recommended External Components

Symbol	Descriptions
CIN	4.7 μF and more, Ceramic Capacitor
Cout	10 μF, Ceramic Capacitor

Precautions for the Selection of External Parts

Choose a low ESR ceramic capacitor. The capacitance of C_{IN} between VIN and GND should be more than or equal to 4.7 μ F. The capacitance of a ceramic capacitor (C_{OUT}) should be 10 μ F. Also, choose the capacitor with consideration for bias characteristics and input/output voltages.

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OPERATION

Chip Enable Function

Forcing above designated "High" voltage to CE pin, the RM590L becomes active. Forcing below designated "Low" voltage to CE pin shuts down the RM590L. In shutdown (Standby) condition, all functions are disabled except Auto Discharge function. (Option) With Auto-Discharge option, the MOSFET to discharge the output capacitor turns on and the output is pulled down to GND. Without Auto-Discharge option, the output becomes "Hi-Z". CE pin can accept input range voltage regardless of the input of VIN pin. If Chip Enable function is not necessary, tie CE pin to VIN pin or other designated "High" voltage node at start-up.

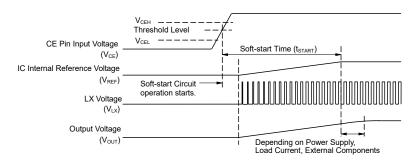
Soft-start Time

Starting-up with CE Pin

The IC starts to operate when the CE pin voltage (V_{CE}) exceeds the threshold voltage. The threshold voltage is preset between CE "High" input voltage (V_{CEH}) and CE "Low" input voltage (V_{CEL}).

After the start-of the start-up of the IC, soft-start circuit starts to operate. Then, after a certain period of time, the reference voltage (V_{REF}) in the IC gradually increases up to the specified value.

Notes: Soft start time $(t_{START})^{(1)}$ is not always equal to the turn-on speed of the step-down DC/DC module. Please note that the turn-on speed could be affected by the power supply capacity, the output current, the inductance value and the C_{OUT} value.



Timing Chart when Starting-up with CE Pin

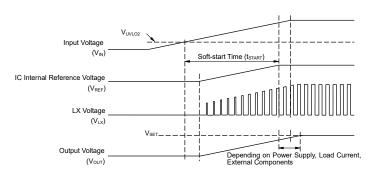
⁽¹⁾ Soft-start time (t_{START}) indicates the duration until the reference voltage (V_{REF}) reaches the specified voltage after soft-start circuit's activation.



Starting-up with Power Supply

After the power-on, when V_{IN} exceeds the UVLO released voltage (V_{UVLO2}), the IC starts to operate. Then, softstart circuit starts to operate and after a certain period of time, V_{REF} gradually increases up to the specified value.

Notes: Please note that the turn-on speed of V_{OUT} could be affected by the power supply capacity, the output current, the inductance value, the C_{OUT} value and the turn-on speed of V_{IN} determined by C_{IN} .



Timing Chart when Starting-up with Power Supply

Auto Discharge Function

When turned off, the Vout voltage drops rapidly to near 0V by discharging the charge stored in the output capacitor through the MOSFET connected between the LX and GND pins. The auto discharge function is enabled when the CE pin = "low" or the thermal shutdown detection or the UVLO detection. On-resistance of MOSFET is Typ. 40Ω . This function may be required to meet the required sequence for electronic components powered by this device.

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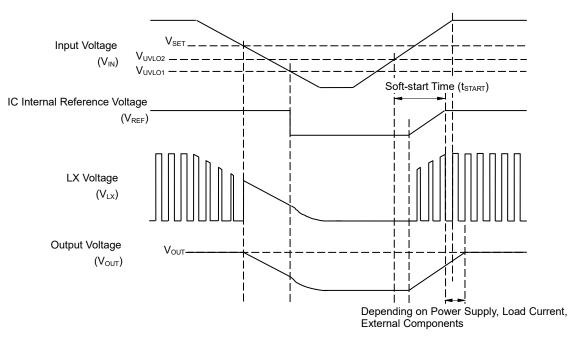
Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO) Circuit

If V_{IN} becomes lower than V_{SET} , the step-down DC/DC module stops the switching operation and ON duty becomes 100%, and then V_{OUT} gradually drops according to V_{IN} .

If the V_{IN} drops more and becomes lower than the UVLO detector threshold (V_{UVLO1}), the UVLO circuit starts to operate, V_{REF} stops, and High Side and Low Side built-in MOSFETs turn "OFF". As a result, V_{OUT} drops according to the C_{OUT} capacitance value and the load.

To restart the operation, V_{IN} needs to be higher than V_{UVLO2} . The timing chart below shows the voltage shifts of V_{REF} , V_{LX} and V_{OUT} when V_{IN} value is varied.

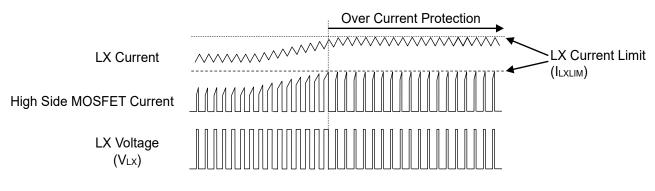
Notes: Falling edge (operating) and rising edge (releasing) waveforms of V_{OUT} could be affected by the initial voltage of C_{OUT} and the output current of V_{OUT} .



Timing Chart with Variations in Input Voltage (VIN)

Current limiting circuit

Current limit circuit supervises the inductor peak current (the peak current flowing through High Side MOSFET) in each switching cycle, and if the current exceeds the LX current limit (I_{LXLIM}), it turns off High Side MOSFET I_{LXLIM} of the RM590L is set to Typ.1.0 A.

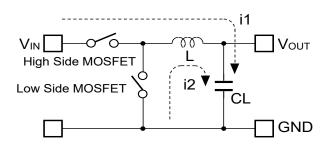


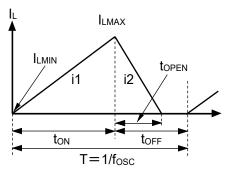
Over-Current Protection Operation

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Operation of Step-down DC/DC module and Output Current

The step-down DC/DC module charges energy in the inductor when LX MOSFET turns "ON", and discharges the energy from the inductor when LX MOSFET turns "OFF" and controls with less energy loss, so that a lower output voltage (V_{OUT}) than the input voltage (V_{IN}) can be obtained. The operation of the step-down DC/DC module is explained in the following figures.





Basic Circuit

Inductor Current (IL) flowing through Inductor (L)

- Step1. High Side MOSFET turns "ON" and I_L (i1) flows, L is charged with energy. At this moment, i1 increases from the minimum inductor current (I_{LMIN}), which is 0 A, and reaches the maximum inductor current (I_{LMAX}) in proportion to the on-time period (t_{ON}) of High Side MOSFET.
- **Step2.** When High Side MOSFET turns "OFF", L tries to maintain I_L at I_{LMAX} , so L turns Low Side MOSFET "ON" and I_L (i2) flows into L.
- Step3. i2 decreases gradually and reaches I_{LMIN} after the open-time period (t_{OPEN}) of Low Side MOSFET, and then Low Side MOSFET turns "OFF". This is called discontinuous current mode.
 As the output current (I_{OUT}) increases, the off-time period (t_{OFF}) of High Side MOSFET runs out before I_L reaches I_{LMIN}. The next cycle starts, and High Side MOSFET turns "ON" and Low Side MOSFET turns "OFF", which means I_L starts increasing from I_{LMIN}. This is called continuous current mode.

In PWM mode, V_{OUT} is maintained by controlling t_{ON} . The oscillator frequency (f_{OSC}) is maintained constant during PWM mode.

When the step-down DC/DC operation is constant, I_{LMIN} and I_{LMAX} during t_{ON} of High Side MOSFET would be same as during t_{OFF} of High Side MOSFET. The current differential between I_{LMAX} and I_{LMIN} is described as ΔI , as the following equation (1).

 $\Delta I = I_{LMAX} - I_{LMIN} = V_{OUT} \times t_{OPEN} / 0.5 = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times t_{ON} / 0.5 \cdots (1)$

The above equation is predicated on the following requirements.

$$\begin{split} T &= 1 \; / \; f_{OSC} \; = t_{ON} + t_{OFF} \\ duty \; (\%) &= t_{ON} \; / \; T \times \; 100 \; = t_{ON} \times f_{OSC} \times \; 100 \\ t_{OPEN} \leq t_{OFF} \end{split}$$

In Equation 1, "V_{OUT} × t_{OPEN} / 0.5" shows the amount of current change in "OFF" state. Also, "(V_{IN} – V_{OUT}) × t_{ON} / L0.5" shows the amount of current change at "ON" state.

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Discontinuous Mode and Continuous Mode

As illustrated in Figure A., when I_{OUT} is relatively small, $t_{OPEN} < t_{OFF}$. In this case, the energy charged into L during t_{ON} will be completely discharged during t_{OFF} , as a result, $I_{LMIN} = 0$. This is called discontinuous mode. When I_{OUT} is gradually increased, eventually $t_{OPEN} = t_{OFF}$ and when I_{OUT} is increased further, eventually $I_{LMIN} > 0$ as illustrated in Figure B. This is called continuous mode.

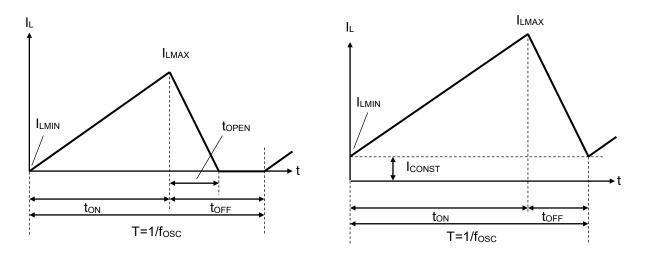


Figure A. Discontinuous Mode



In the continuous mode, the solution of Equation (1) is described as t_{ONC} .

 $t_{ONC} = T \times V_{OUT} / V_{IN}$ (2)

When $t_{ON} < t_{ONC}$, it is discontinuous mode, and when $t_{ON} = t_{ONC}$, it is continuous mode.

Forced PWM Mode and VFM Mode

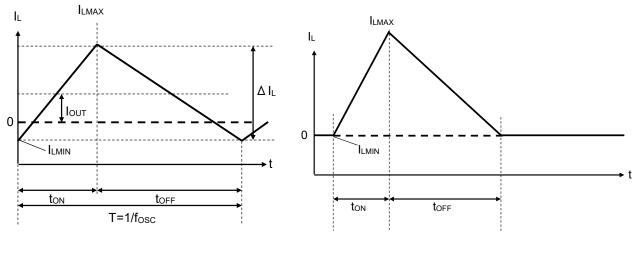
Output voltage controlling method is selectable between a forced PWM control type and a PWM/VFM autoswitching control type, and can be set by the MODE pin. The forced PWM control switches at fixed frequency rate in order to reduce noise in low output current. The PWM/VFM auto-switching control automatically switches from PWM mode to VFM mode in order to achieve high efficiency in low output current.

Forced PWM Mode

By setting the MODE pin to "High", the IC switches the frequency at the fixed rate to reduce noise even when the output load is light. Therefore, when I_{OUT} is $\Delta I_L/2$ or less, I_{LMIN} becomes less than "0". That is, the accumulated electricity in CL is discharged through the IC side while I_L is increasing from I_{LMIN} to "0" during t_{ON} , and also while I_L is decreasing from "0" to I_{LMIN} during t_{OFF} .

VFM Mode

By setting the MODE pin to "Low", in low output current, the IC automatically switches into VFM mode in order to achieve high efficiency. In VFM mode, t_{ON} is determined depending on V_{IN} and V_{OUT} .

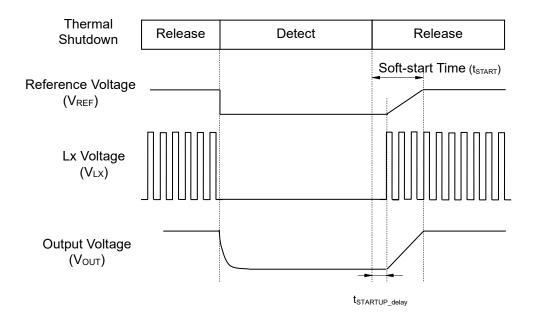


Forced PWM Mode

VFM Mode

Thermal Shutdown Function

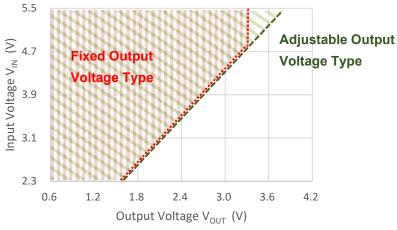
When the junction temperature exceeds the thermal shutdown detection temperature (Typ. 140°C), this IC cuts off the output and suppresses the self-heating. When the junction temperature falls below the thermal shutdown release temperature (Typ. 100°C), this IC will restart with the soft start operation.



TECHNICAL NOTES

The performance of a power source circuit using this device is highly dependent on a peripheral circuit. A peripheral component or the device mounted on PCB should not exceed its rated voltage, rated current or rated power. When designing a peripheral circuit, please be fully aware of the following points.

- Set the external components as close as possible to the IC and minimize the wiring between the components and the IC. Especially, place a capacitor (C_{IN}) as close as possible to the VIN pin and GND.
- Ensure the VIN and GND lines are sufficiently robust. If their impedance is too high, noise pickup or unstable operation may result.
- A large switching current flows through the VIN line, GND line, VOUT line, inductor, LX, L1 and L2. Make the wirings short and wide.
- For any setting type of output voltage, the input/output voltage ratio must meet the following requirement to achieve a stable VFM mode at light load when the MODE pin is "Low" (at PWM/VFM Auto Switching) : $V_{OUT} / V_{IN} < 0.7$



V_{MODE} = "Low", PWM / VFM Auto Switching

Available Voltage Area with Stable VFM Mode

- The thermal shutdown function is to prevent smoke and ignition of the IC, not to ensure the reliability of the IC or to keep it below the absolute maximum rating. In addition, it is not effective against heat generated when the IC is not operating normally, such as latch-up and overvoltage application.
- Do not design with depending on the thermal shutdown function of this IC as the system protection. The thermal shutdown function is designed for this IC.
- ESD Control

Take appropriate precautions when handling this product or PCB included this product.

Ex.

- Use of an antistatic wrist band
- Use of an ionizer

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Adjustable Output Voltage Setting (RM590L002C/D)

By connecting divider resistors (R1, R2) to the VFB pin, the set output voltage (V_{SET}) can be set using the following equation.

 V_{SET} = $V_{FB} \times (R1 + R2) / R2$

The reference voltage (V_{FB}) of this IC is set to 0.6 V, and the accuracy of V_{FB} and the output voltage setting range are as follows.

 V_{SET} : 0.6V $\leq V_{SET} \leq 5.5 V$ V_{FB} : 0.6 V \pm 9mV

Refer to the following table for the recommended values for R1, R2 and C1.

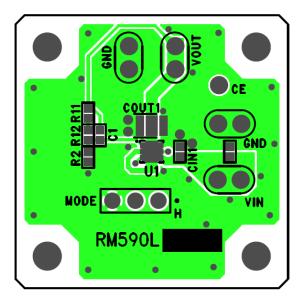
()]	·····	
R1 [kΩ]	R2 [kΩ]	C1 [pF]
0	220	Open
	220	47
	220	33
R1 = (V _{SET} / V _{FB} -1) x R2	150	10
	100	10
	68	10
	47	10
	47	6.8
	R1 [kΩ] 0	R1 [kΩ] R2 [kΩ] 0 220 220 220 100 220 150 150 100 68 47 47

Set Output Voltage (V_{SET}) vs. R1 / R2 / C1 (Adjustable Output Voltage Type)

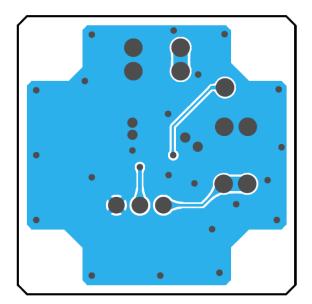
No.EA-592-210906

PCB Layout

RM590L (QFN2220-8) Board Diagram



Top Layer

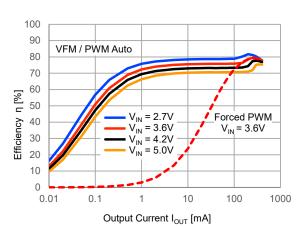


Bottom Layer

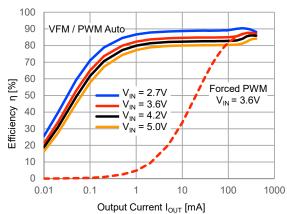
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

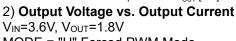
Note: Typical Characteristics are intended to be used as reference data; they are not guaranteed. 1) Efficiency vs. Output Current

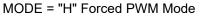
V_{OUT}=0.9V



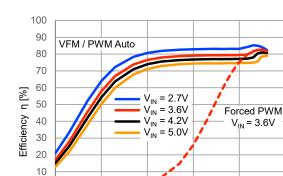
Vout=1.8V











1

Output Current I_{OUT} [mA]

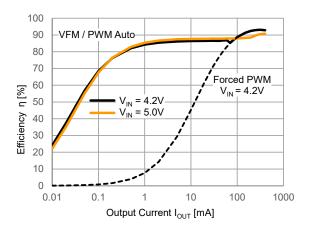


0

0.01

0.1

Vout=1.2V

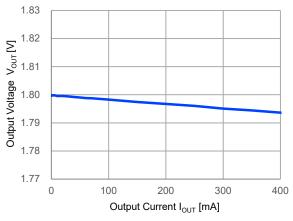


10

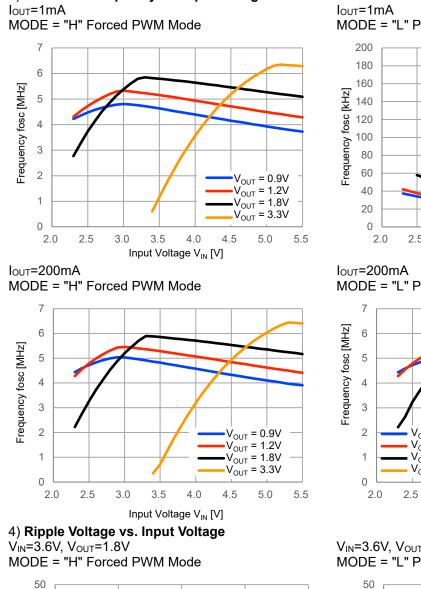
100

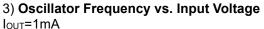
1000

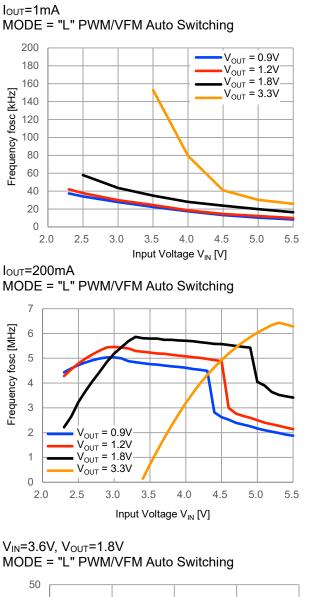
 V_{IN} =3.6V, V_{OUT} =1.8V MODE = "L" PWM/VFM Auto Switching

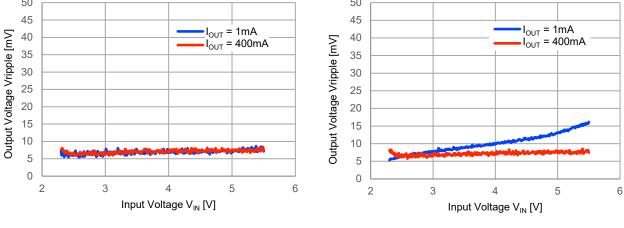


No.EA-592-210906



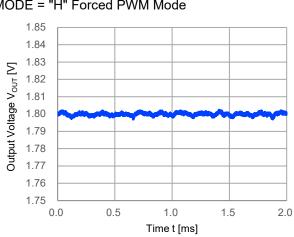




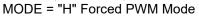


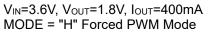
RICOH

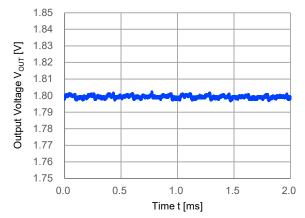
No.EA-592-210906



5) Output Voltage Waveform VIN=3.6V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=1mA

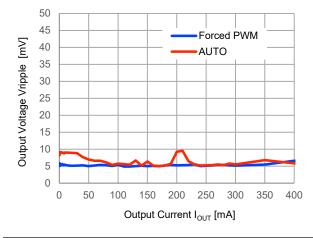


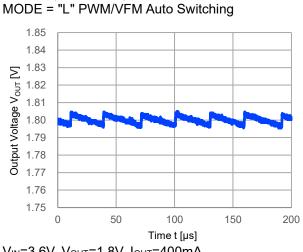


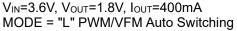


6) Ripple Voltage vs. Output Current VIN=3.6V, VOUT=1.8V

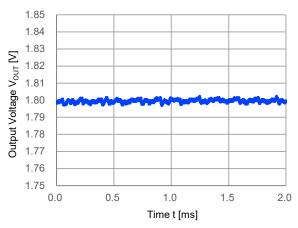
MODE = "L" PWM/VFM Auto Switching, MODE = "H" Forced PWM Mode







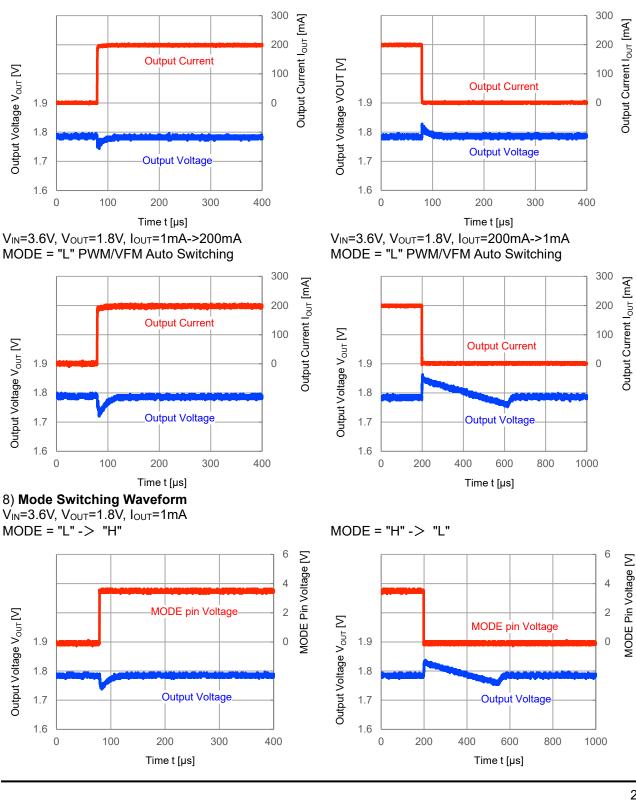
VIN=3.6V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=1mA



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VIN=3.6V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=200mA->1mA

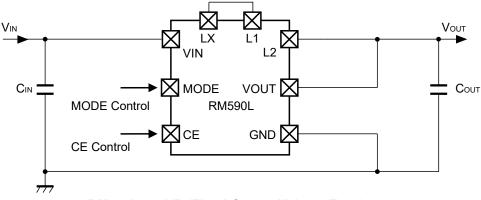
MODE = "H" Forced PWM Mode



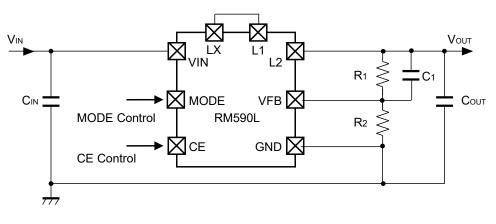


No.EA-592-210906

Test Circuit







RM590L002C/D (Adjustable Output Voltage Type)

Components list for our evaluation

Symbol	Specification	Maximum Ratings	Model
Cin	4.7µF	6.3V	C1005X5R0J475M050BC
Соит	10uF	6.3V	GRM155R60J106ME44D

POWER DISSIPATION

QFN2220-8

PD-QFN2220-8(85125)-JE-A

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51.

Measurement Conditions

ltem	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 1.6 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): More than 90% of 74.2 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 74.2 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): More than 90% of 74.2 mm Square
Through-holes	φ 0.3 mm × 4 pcs

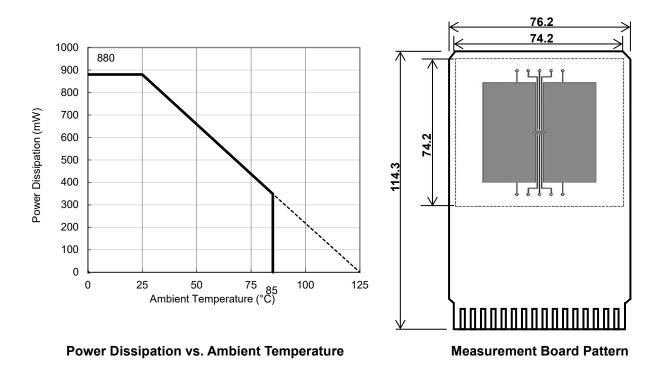
Measurement Result

(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 125°C)

Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	880 mW
Thermal Resistance (θja)	θja = 113°C/W
Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	ψjt = 55°C/W

θja: Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

wjt: Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter

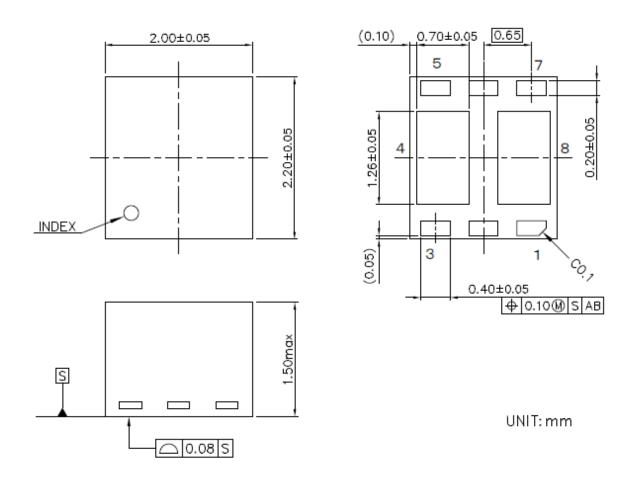


PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

QFN2220-8

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DM-QFN2220-8-JE-A



QFN2220-8 Package Dimensions

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